

Regulating Investment-Based Crowdfunding in Ghana

Presented by the Securities and Exchange Commission, Ghana

At a Stakeholder Dialogue on:

Crowdfunding for Strengthening MSME Finance and Investment in Nigeria

28th May 2024

Past Ponzi Schemes swung the Commission to tackle nontraditional public issuances including crowdfunding issues

2012	 US Tilapia promised a return of 100% p.a or a 10% per month, failed to honour its obligations to customers. 	
US Tiliapia	 Investors invested in Tilapia Caged Farms Scammed investors to the tune of GHS 850k (US\$ 500k) 	REDISCOVERING OUR FINANCIAL WORLD
2013	• Engaged in unauthorized/illegal deposit-taking from the general public.	 DKM microfinance
Diamond Investment	 Promised high returns and scammed investors several millions of dollars 	licensed in 2013 Promised
2016	 Safeway promised a 80-100% annual return on invested funds, failed to honour its obligations to customers. 	depositors a 50% interest on their deposits over two
Safeway	 Investors invested in Tilapia Caged Farms 	months
Tiliapia	 Scammed 14k investors of GHS 27M (US\$ 7m) 	
NENZGOL D	 Promised investors 10% per month on Gold Purchased through its subsidiaries, Brew Marketing Consult Owes its customers about \$42 million. 	

• An estimated 46,000 individuals including pensioners

GHANA

Sandbox Guidelines passed by the Commission

Qualifying Criteria for Sandbox License

- Purpose of Sandbox license is to enable entities test innovative capital market products and services in the production environment but within a well-defined space and duration.
- Covers Financial Technology 'FinTech' firms operating within the capital market space and professional services firms partnering with or providing support to such businesses

Qualifying Criteria for Sandbox License			
Product/service is genuinely innovative, not similar to existing products	clear potential to benefit the market and investors		
Demonstrated product usefulness and understands the associated risks	resources available to participate, and assess, mitigate, control potential risks and losses		
shall subject itself to monitoring during the trial period by the Commission	intends to deploy the product on a commercial scale in Ghana upon exit		

The product cannot be offered at present due to prohibitions under existing laws or regulations or is incompatible with applicable regulatory requirements.



One of only two entities piloted in the Sandbox



GEN -

Home / Farms



TRADES FARMS WHAT WE DO ABOUT US + HOW IT WORKS + INVESTORS - SIGN UP SIGN IN

Farms

What We Grow

There Is Risk In Farming. We dont Guarantee returns of your funding or profit.

Total Amount Raised: \$129,926.90 | Total Amount Paid out: \$145,183.40.



Cassava II_2024 (Manihot esculenta)

COST PER UNIT GH¢375.00	ROS 12.5% - 31.82%
FARMING START DATE 15th May 2024	FARMING END DATE 20th May 2025
Farm Location Hodzo Volta Region - Ghana	



Maize VI_2024 (Zea Mays)

COST PER UNIT	ROS 10.03% - 22.55%	
FARMING START DATE	FARMING END DATE 28th Feb 2025	
Farm Location Old Avomah. Oti Region - Ghana		



Organic Soybean with Acres Nano_2024 (*Glycine max*)

COST PER UNIT	ROS 12.24% - 19.16%
FARMING START DATE 20th May 2024	FARMING END DATE 20th Dec 2024
Farm Location	

Our Crowdfunding Journey has involved several stakeholder engagements including key industry actors

Studies on Other Jurisdictions	Started the Journey in 2020 with a study of Guidelines or Crowdfunding Practices in some jurisdictions (Malaysia, EU, New Zealand, USA, India, Hong Kong, Mauritius, UK)
Policy Paper	A Technical Committee was set-up to draft policy paper on Crowdfunding in Ghana
Stakeholder Engagement	Following the Policy Paper, a market wide stakeholder engagement was held with Key Industry Players to get a deep sense of the Crowdfunding Industry in Ghana
Draft Guidelines	First Draft Guidelines was put together, reviewed several times, and several engagements held with industry players to solicit their views which were factored into the final Guideline
Support from UNCDF	The Commission received financial and technical support from the UNCDF including bringing on board a consultant to help shape the final version of the Guidelines

A Guideline for Investment Based Crowdfunding



Scope of Application	Licensing Criteria
 An entity that desires to be licensed as Crowdfunding Intermediary/Platform An issuer that use the services of a Crowdfunding Intermediary An entity that intends to offer services as a Crowdfunding Platform in Ghana A foreign Crowdfunding Platform which seeks to offer services in Ghana A foreign entity which seeks to provide investments-crowdfunding services in Ghana. 	 The applicant has in place a Risk Management Framework to manage its business and operational risks The Intermediary/Platform has an Operational Manual to guide its operations The applicant has in place appropriate Rules to govern its operations. SEC to approve Rules Has sufficient financial, human, other resources for its operations including an MCR of GHS 250k (US\$ 20k)

The guidelines do not apply to rewards-based or donations-based crowdfunding activities which is regulated by the Bank of Ghana

Funds raised by a Crowdfunding Intermediary duly licensed by the Commission shall only be utilized in Ghana

Objective of the SEC Ghana Crowdfunding Guidelines



Provide avenues for Start-Ups and SMEs to leverage technology to crowdfund for their businesses. Regulate the activities of the many entities using technology to publicly raise funds without regulatory approvals

Provide guidance to investors on investment-crowdfunding, restrictions, risks and protection schemes attached to their investments

Provide guidance to industry players on licensing requirements, approval processes, among others. In particular, the model of allowing CIs to approve 3rd Party Offerings Provide investors the opportunity to contribute to national economic development whiles earning decent returns on their investments

Provide a structured framework for the establishment and regulation of Issuers, C'funding Intermediaries, Crowdfunding Platforms, Payment Providers etc

The scope of the Guidelines has detailed provisions to cover agricrowdfunding ("soft commodities").

Crowdfunding Intermediaries (CIs) to approve offering document for 3rd party Issuers, SEC to approve that of CIs



Companies prohibited from Crowdfunding



Prohibited issuers

- Listed companies and their subsidiaries
- Companies with no specific business plan or a blind pool
- Financial institutions and their subsidiaries regulated by the SEC, NPRA, Bank of Ghana and NIC
- Companies with complex structures
- Entities specified by the Commission.

Eligible investors

- An investor who has correctly categorized itself
- An investor that has acknowledged understanding and acceptance of risks involved
- An Investor that has signed all required KYC documents

Retail investors shall not invest more than 10% of their gross annual income across all crowdfunding Offerings in a twelve (12) month period

During the offer period, investors shall only pay their funds electronically into the designated escrow accounts and not to the Issuer

Restrictions and maximum allowable issuances



General Restrictions

1) An issuer shall not:

- a) issue more than one investment instrument during a single Offering period
- b) offer more favorable terms of investment to another investor in the six (6) months prior to the crowdfunding Offering, and in the twelve (12) months following the completion of a successful crowdfunding Offering;
- c) host an Offering concurrently on multiple Crowdfunding Platforms.
- 2) An issuer shall not issue digital currencies or undertake Initial Coin Offerings under these Guidelines.

Maximum issuance per Issuer

The maximum amount that can be raised by an issuer within a twelve month period shall be GHS 6,000,000 (US..... except where the funds are raised for agricultural commodities, physical assets or agricultural projects, in which case, the maximum amount that can be raised by an issuer within a twelve month period shall be GHS 10,000,000.

A CI shall not allow an issuer to raise funds on its platform where the CI or any of its officers, directors, significant shareholders or associated persons beneficially own or control more than 5% of the securities of that issuer. Where the issuer is an SPV, the 5% shareholding threshold shall not apply

Use of Special Purpose Vehicles (SPVs) to crowdfund

The sole purpose of the vehicle is to invest in one or more companies, physical assets or agricultural commodities

The Offering documentation covers the investment vehicle and the underlying company or companies, physical assets or agricultural commodities

The CI provides educational
materials to prospective retail
investors to understand the
contractual agreement and their
rights therein

The agreement between the vehicle and the prospective investors is provided as part of the Offering documentation

The eligible legal entities for investment vehicles to invest in are:

- a) Private companies limited by shares incorporated in Ghana;
- b) Public unlisted companies incorporated in Ghana;
- c) Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise (MSME) as prescribed by the Ghana Enterprise Agency Act, 2020 (Act 1043)
- d) Other entities which may be permitted by the Commission.

If the Vehicle is used to finance physical assets such as land, machinery, artwork, equipment and vehicles, the CI shall provide detailed information in the Offering document (Such as risks, location, feasibility study, etc)

Permissible Crowdfunding Investments



Permissible Investments

- a) Equity shares
- b) Preference shares
- c) Share option agreements
- d) Convertible securities
- e) Secured and unsecured debts
- f) Profit-sharing agreements
- g) Revenue-sharing agreements
- h) Offtake agreements
- i) Leasing agreements

j) Factoring agreements
k) Rental agreements
l) Repurchase or buy-back
agreements
m) Redeemable equity
agreements
n) Royalty agreements
o) Impact-linked investment
agreements
p) Sustainable, social and green
debts
q) Blended investment

Where an investment instrument or activity requires approval from another regulator such approval shall be duly obtained.



Sanctions for non-compliance

1. Where a person breaches or fails to comply with a Code, Directive, Guideline or Circular issued by the Commission, the Commission may:

- a) take action set out in Section 118, 122 or 123 of SIA 2016;
- b) impose an administrative penalty of not less than fifty penalty units and not more than twenty thousand penalty units; or
- c) apply paragraphs (1) (a) and (b) above where the Commission considers necessary.

The SEC may, in addition to the above, impose any administrative penalty that it considers necessary or take any other remedial action that it considers appropriate in the interests of protecting investors and the integrity of the securities market.

Sections 209 (6) to (12) of the Act shall also apply in addition to the above in dealing with offences.

Where the breach constitutes a criminal offence under the Act or the Regulations, and the accused voluntarily makes an offer of compensation or restitution and reparation in writing to the SEC, the SEC shall, without instituting criminal proceedings under section 207, settle the offence in accordance with this section.

Thank You!

Happy to take questions now?

info@sec.gov.gh

+233-302-768970-2 0-800-100-065 (Toll-Free) https://sec.gov.gh/

